



# Hot Rock Limited

## A Review of Current Geothermal Development Activities in the Otway Sedimentary Basin, Victoria, Australia

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SMU Conference, Dallas

17-18 June, 2008





# Australia'



# Strong drivers for geothermal development in Australia

## § Vast sources of deep heat

- § In granites

- § In wet and dry sedimentary rocks above the granites

## § Pioneering “EGS” work by Geodynamics

- § Cooper Basin

- § the ‘right’ tectonic environment

## § Recent strong Government support for renewables

- § Reduction of large carbon footprint

- § Wind

- § Geothermal

- § Solar

- §

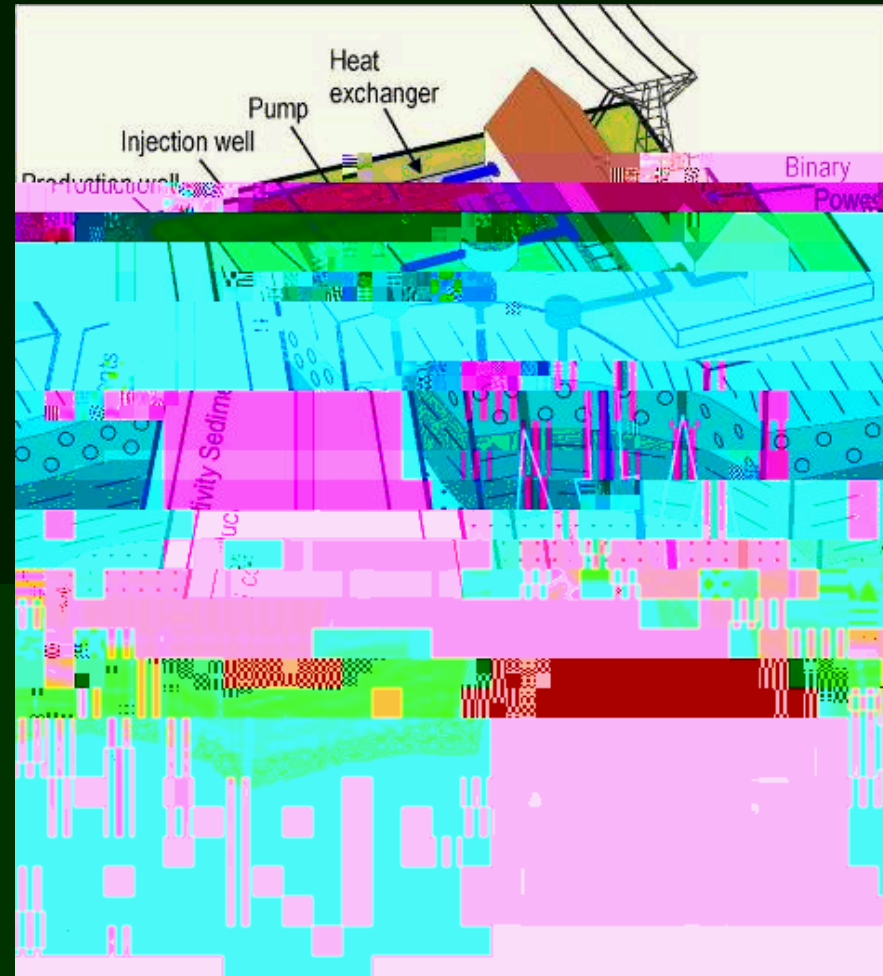
# Rapidly growing private sector involvement in geothermal

Geothermal Stocks	ASX	Price	Shares (m)	Options (m)	Mkt Cap (\$m)	Area	Model
<b>Geodynamics</b>	GDY	\$1.55	211.6	4.0	<b>334</b>	SA/NSW	HDR
Eden Energy	EDE	\$0.34	166.8	86.5	<b>86</b>	Focus on hydrogen	HDR
<b>Petratherm</b>	PTR	\$0.85	57.9	13.1	<b>60</b>	SA/Spain	HDR/HWR
Geothermal Resources	GHT	\$0.66	33.0	1.8	<b>23</b>	SA	HDR
Torrens Energy	TEY	\$0.40	50.1	28.2	<b>31</b>	SA	<b>HDR</b>



# Types of Australian Geothermal Resources

- § High temperature granites  $>200^{\circ}\text{C}$ 
  - § Naturally impermeable / require fracturing
  - § “HDR” / “HFR” / “EGS”
- § Moderate temperature sedimentary,  $100\text{--}200^{\circ}\text{C}$ 
  - § Naturally permeable
    - § “HWR”, “SG”
  - § Naturally impermeable
    - § thermal insulators above granites
      - § “HEWI” (Petratherm)
      - § “EGS”







# HRL focus is on “Sedimentary Geothermal”

## § Naturally permeable systems

- § Don't require hydro fracturing

## § Naturally wet

- § Don't require injection of water / circulation loop

## § Lower development costs due to

- § Shallower production drilling targets
- § Higher well flow rates

## § Lower operating costs

- § Reduced parasitic pump costs

## § Lower Risk

- § Proven production and power plant technology
- § 100 year history of geothermal electricity generation

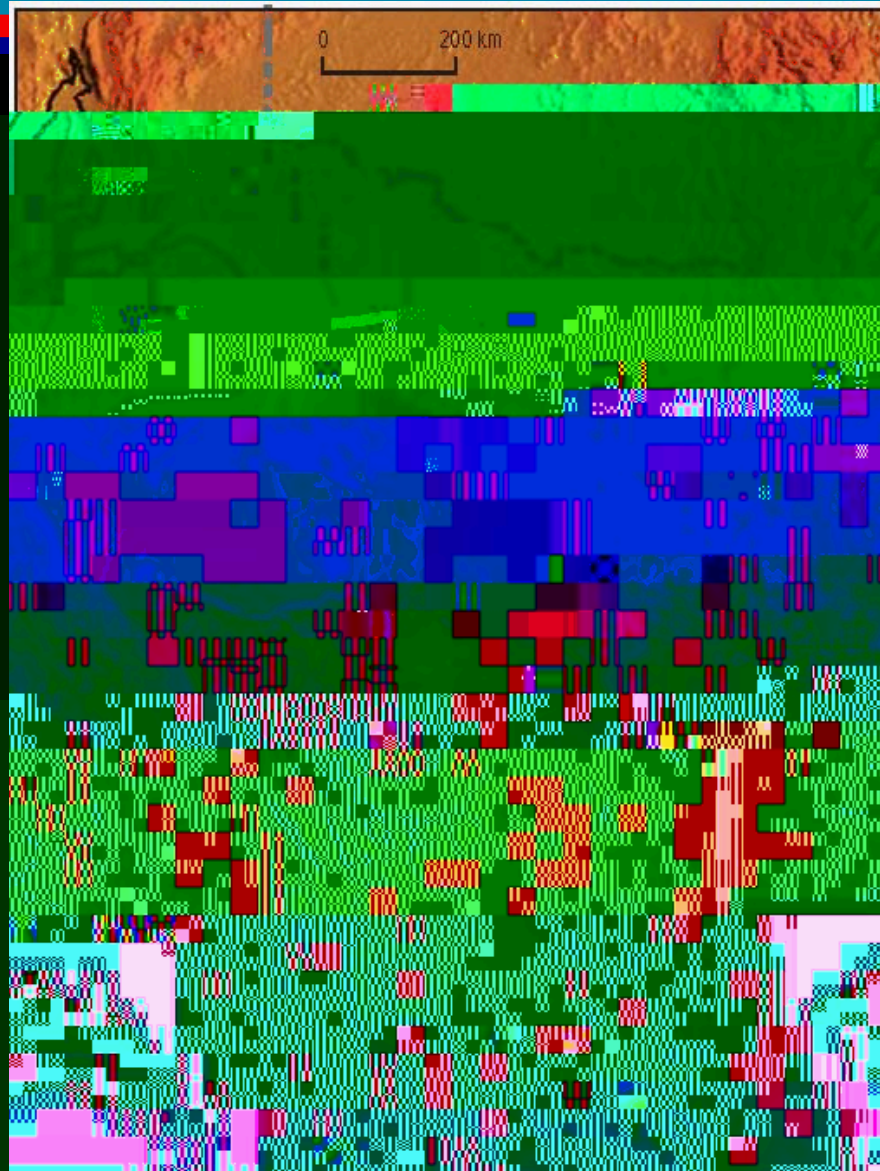
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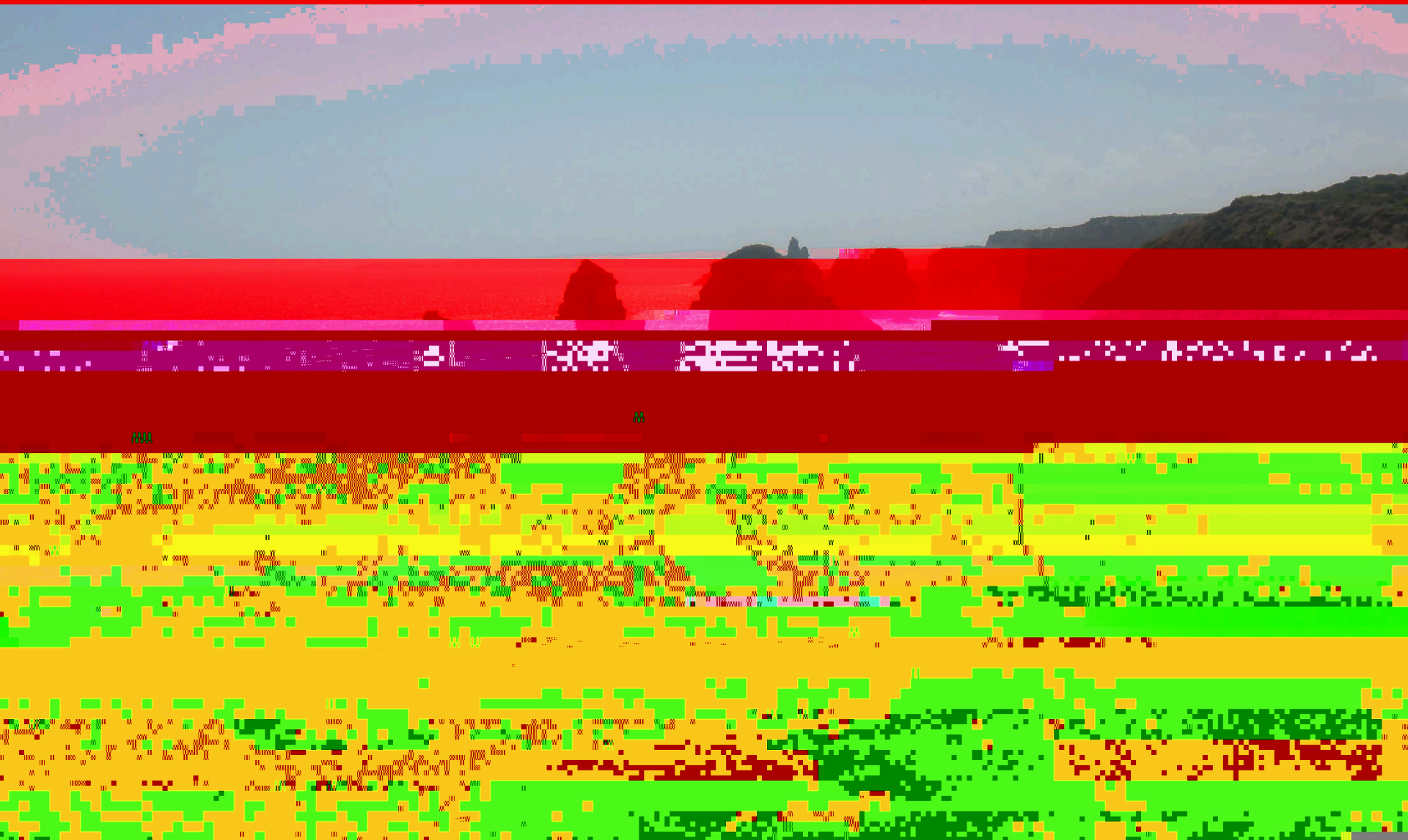




# Onshore extent of Otway Basin

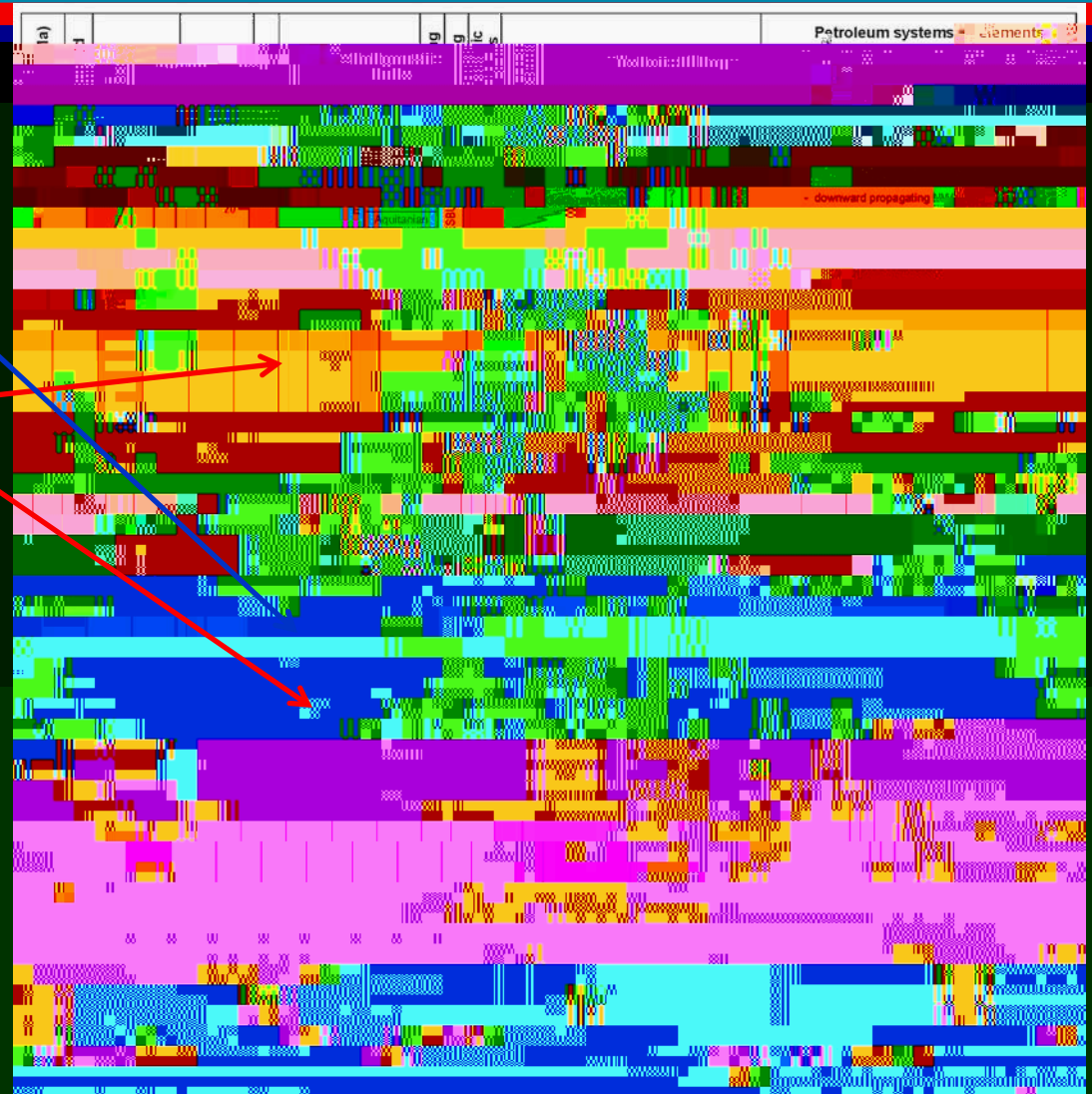


# Onshore outcrops of Otway Basin sedimentary rocks



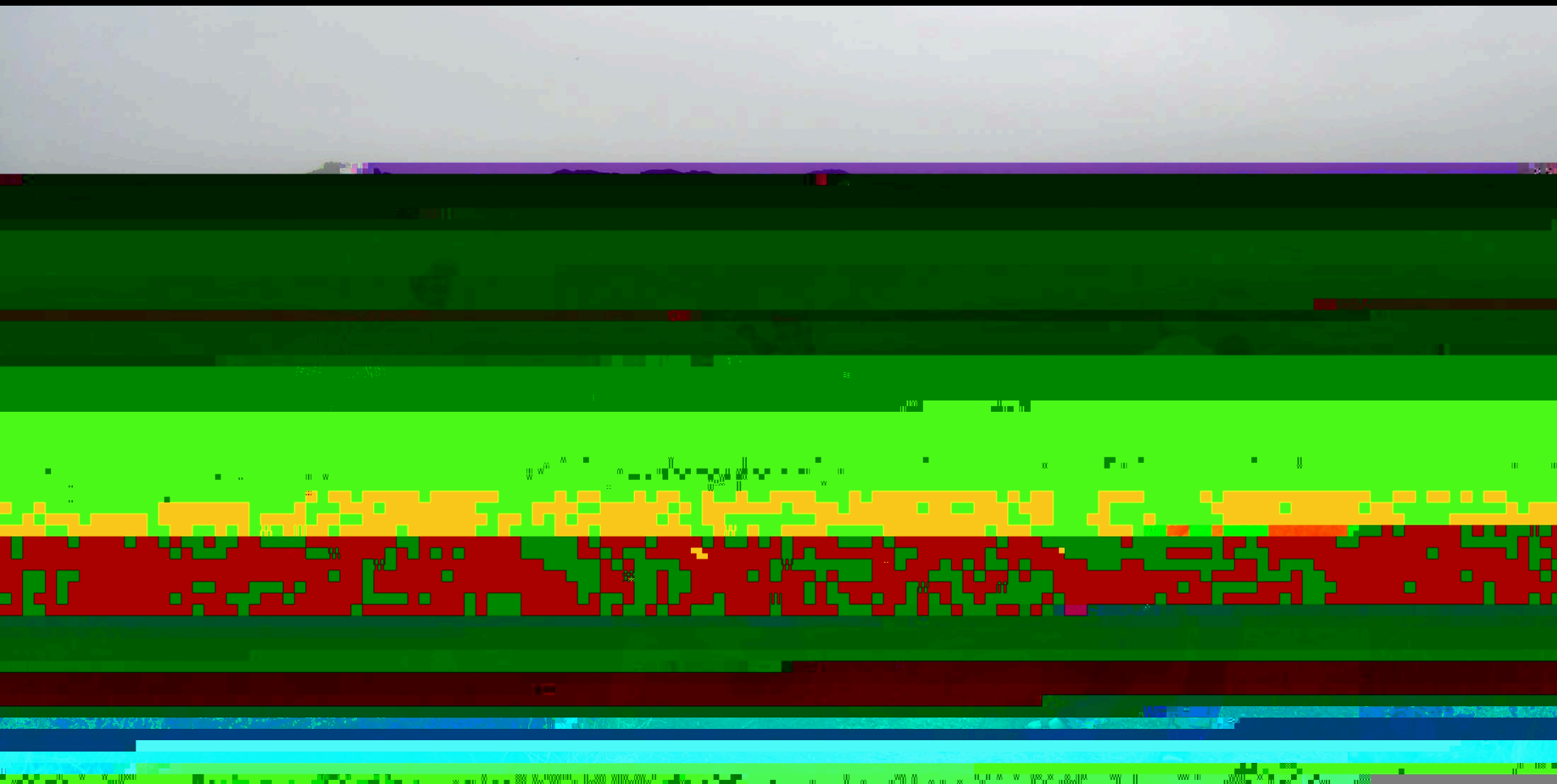
# Otway Basin - Stratigraphy

- § Thick sequences of:
  - § Low permeability msts and zsts (thermal insulation)
  - § high porosity / permeability clean ssts
- § Crustal thinning as a result of rifting
  - § Elevated heat flow
  - § Voluminous recent basaltic volcanism





# Otway Basin – recent volcanism









# Close proximity to markets &

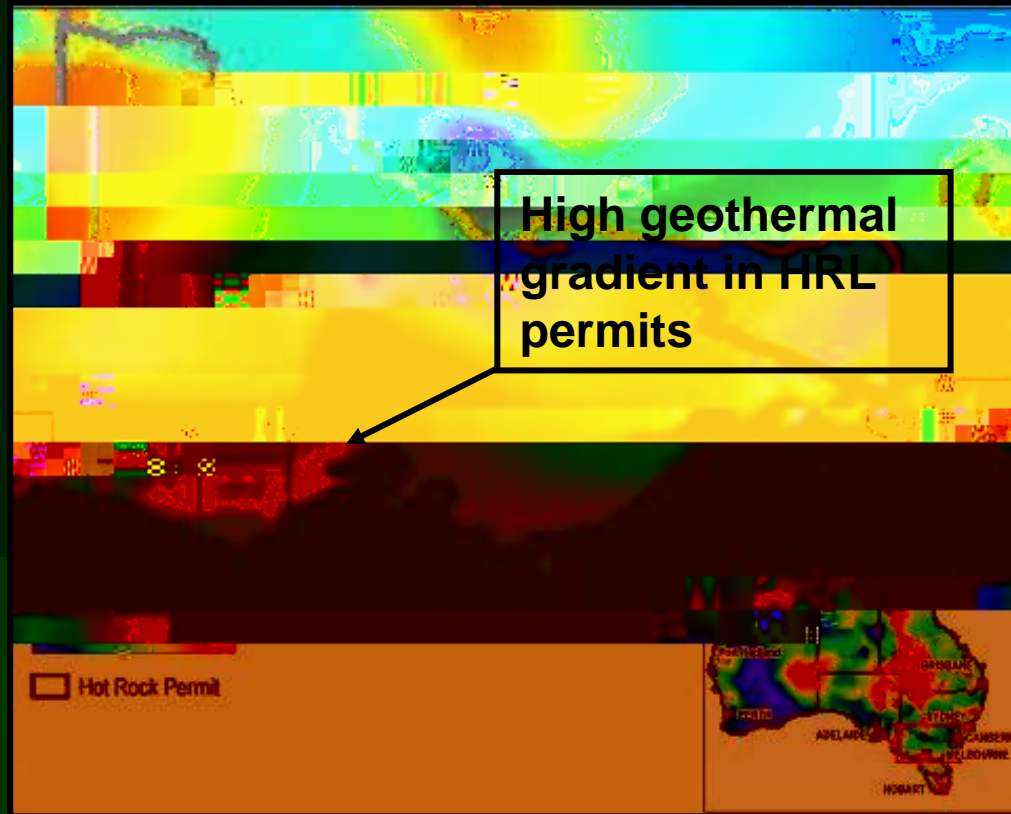
# HRL Otway Basin Geothermal Permits

§ 4 permits cover large area of prospective Otway Basin (+18,000sqkm)

§ Anomalous geothermal gradients

- § Elevated heat flow up through basement
- § Structurally controlled upflows of hot fluids from depth to shallow levels
- § Some association possible with young volcanic

§ Very large amount of surface & sub-surface data exists and is readily accessible

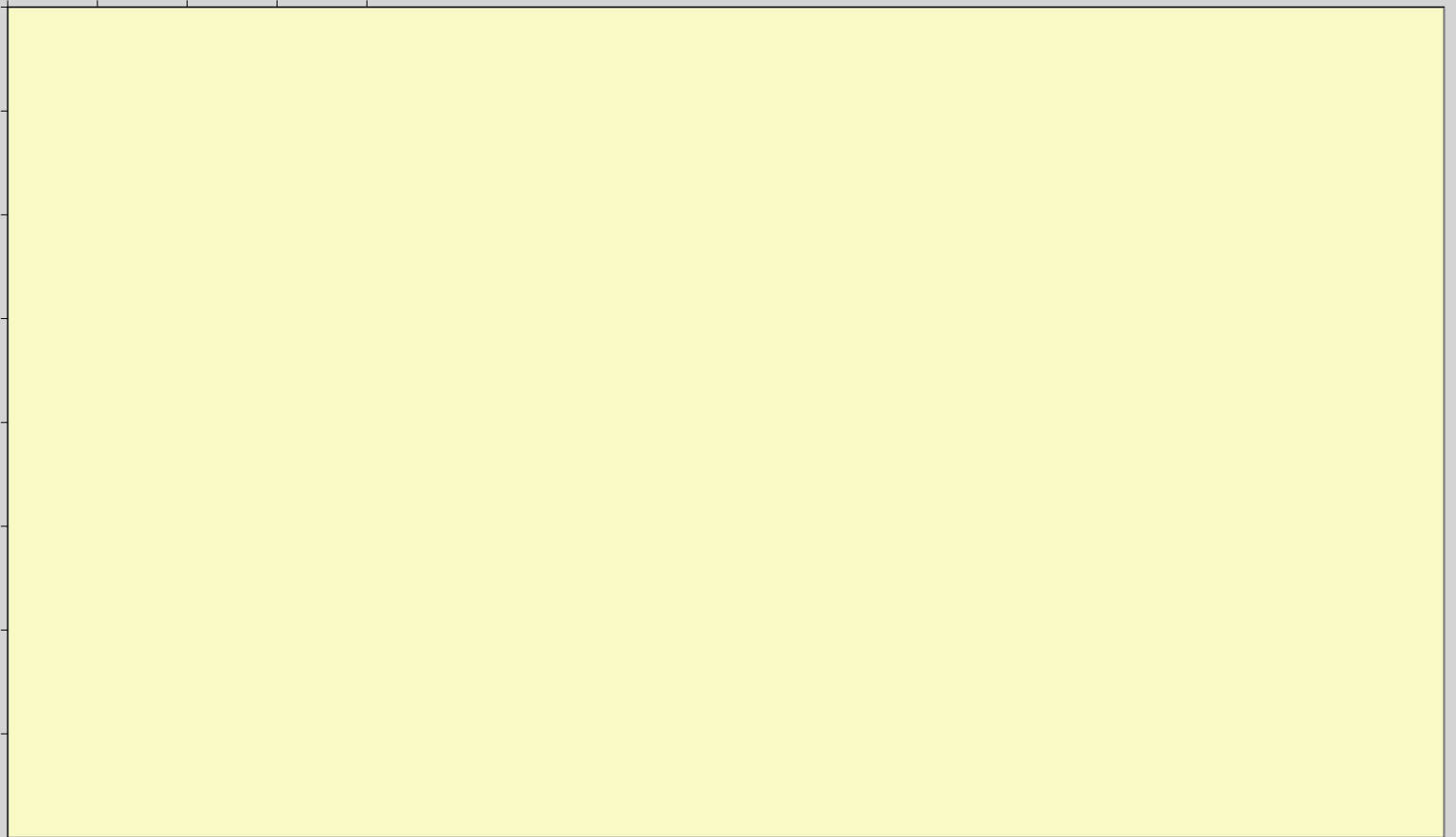


# Invaluable existing exploration and well data

§ Decades of active oil and gas exploration

# Otway Basin wells

## - measured temperatures













# Otway sedimentary basin hydro-geological model



- Large sedimentary basin with several hot aquifers
- Geothermal reservoir contained in Early Cretaceous Crayfish Group
  - Up to 800m thick aquifer / High porosity 20% / High perm (1000 mD)
  - Temperatures of at least 142°C + at 2,700m to 3,500m depth
- Developable with low risk, proven HWR technology <sup>27</sup>

# Initial assessment of geothermal resource capacity

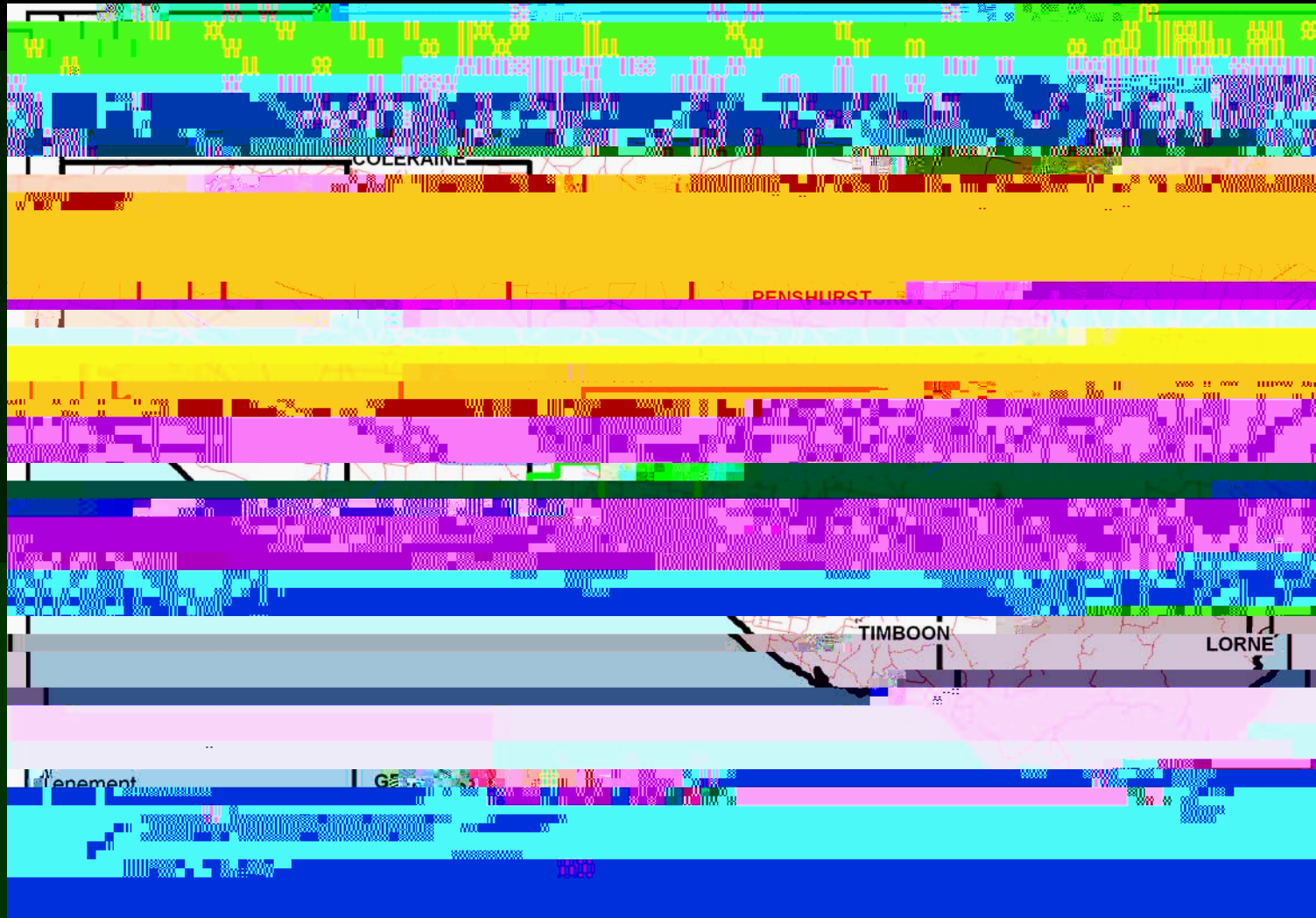
- § **Volumetric stored heat calculations for 17 geothermal “depo – centres” in 4 GEP’s, based on simple conceptual exploration model with conservative assumptions yield:**
  - § potential power generation targets ranging from 300 to 720 MWe per prospect, 1750MWe in total
  - § 40% of Victoria’s base load power
  - § potential total annual gross revenues of A\$ 1.1billion
- § **Suggests initial pilot plant of 1MWe with series of staged subsequent commercial power developments with a capacity of 50 MWe per plant**

# Current Status HRL Program

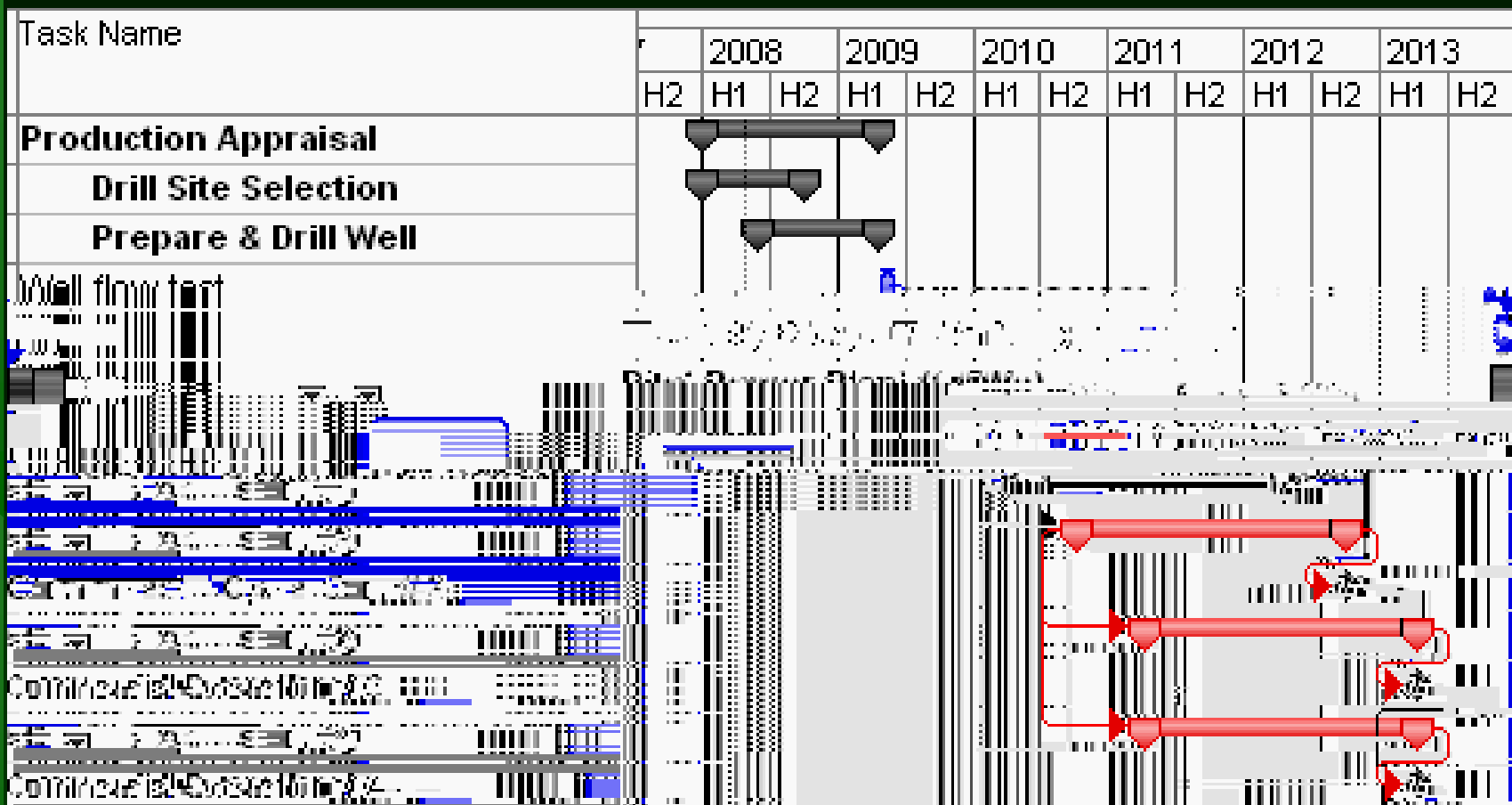
§ O&C data from 4 CED



# Koroit Area: Priority Development Target



# Anticipated Longer Term Program at Koroit: up to 4 x 50MWe by 2013



# Market Considerations

## § Good geothermal market in Victoria

- § For both electricity and cascaded waste heat from power plant

## § Potential off-takers:

### § Utilities

- § Local LV (22kV and 66kV) and HV

### § Industrial

- § Alcoa aluminum smelter

- § Dairy Industry (Goulburn Co-op)

- § Portland City (hot water)

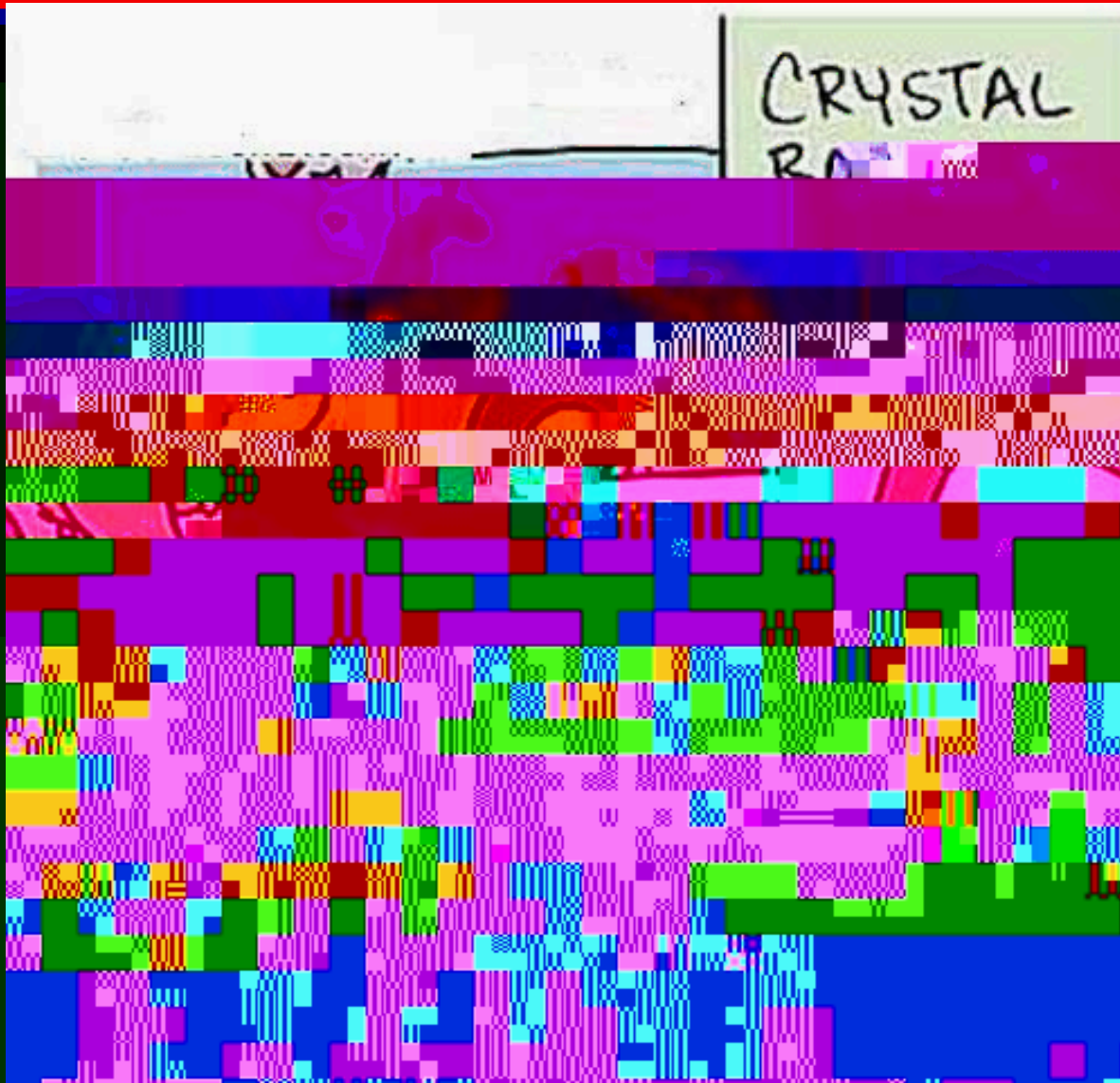
- § Timber chip and pulp industry (drying)





# Composition of average power price in Australia - 2007 ( source BBP)

# Development Costs / Costs of Power ?



# HRL Development Assumptions

## § Production wells

- § depths 3,500m

- § 12-1/4 inch holes to 3500m with 13-3/8 inch PCsg

- § shallow down-well electric production pumps

- § 4 MWe per well production rates

  - § 16 wells for 65MWe gross / 50MWe net development

## § Injection wells

- § depths 1500m

- § 13 wells required for 50MWe net plant

## § Power Plant

- § Organic



# Key financial assumptions



# Assessed Costs for HRL 65MWe (gross) development

## Š Capital Cost

Š \$US300m

## Š Specific Capital Cost

Š \$US 4,600 / kWe

Š (wells, power plant, transmission)

## Š Power tariff

# Incentives – State Level

- § Victoria Geothermal Act has no royalty
- § VRET Scheme (Jan 2007)
  - § State government is committed to reducing Victoria's greenhouse gas emissions to 60% by 2050
  - § mandates Victoria's consumption of electricity generated from renewable sources be increased to 10% by 2016
  - § objectives to encourage additional generation of electricity from renewable sources.
- § Renewable energy fund of \$72million (April 08)
  - § ex Clinton Foundation
  - § to assist large-scale sustainable demonstration energy projects, including geothermal



# Incentives - Federal Level ..1

- § Mandatory Renewable Energy Target (MRET) policy to be introduced to reduce the effects of climate change caused by greenhouse gas emissions
  - § Aiming for 2% of Australia's power supply from renewable sources by 2010 and 20% or 42,000 (60,000 ?) Gigawatt hours by 2020.
  - § MRET expected to replace VRET



# Incentives - Federal Level ..2

- § Emissions trading scheme to be introduced 2010
  - § Renewable Energy Certificates (RECs) to be issued to eligible parties
  - § RECs are sold by the holder to other registered groups and add to the renewable power generators income.
  - § fossil fuel generators will need to add the cost of emission certificates to their generating costs
  - § a maximum penalty for a power generator not complying

# Incentives - Federal Level ..3

- § Federal government is also in advanced stages of planning for:
  - § a \$500 million Renewable Energy grant fund
  - § includes a \$50million drilling fund for geothermal production wells
- § Objectives are to:
  - § encourage early investment into renewable energy demonstration projects
  - § expand the range of renewable technologies



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